### MILLO FAMILIES



Enjoying, learning and looking after nature with the family

### GET TO KNOW VICTORIA'S SPECIAL TREES

Trees are an important part of Victoria's natural areas. They provide us with clean air, habitat for wildlife, shelter, shade, cooling and places to play!

There are hundreds of native tree species in Victoria including many species of gum trees, banksias with big cone flowers, rainforest trees, and wattles with their puffy yellow flower heads.



Majestic stands of Mountain Ash.

### Mountain Ash - the tallest tree

The Mountain Ash is not only Victoria's tallest tree, but the tallest flowering tree in the world! The Ada tree near Powelltown, west of Melbourne is a Mountain Ash that is 76 metres tall, 15 metres around and is thought to be nearly 400 years old! When big old trees such as these lose branches, hollows start to form, which provide homes for wildlife such as possums, owls and parrots. See www.greatforestnationalpark.com.au/ada-tree.html

### A tree that lives in the sea

There is a species of tree in Victoria that provides habitat for fish and crabs! The White Mangrove is a tree that lives on the coast between low and high tide and has special roots that stick up above the ground and water. A great place to see these trees is on the Barwon Estuary in Barwon Heads or Corner Inlet at Wilsons Promontory National Park.

Roots of mangroves pop up above the ground.



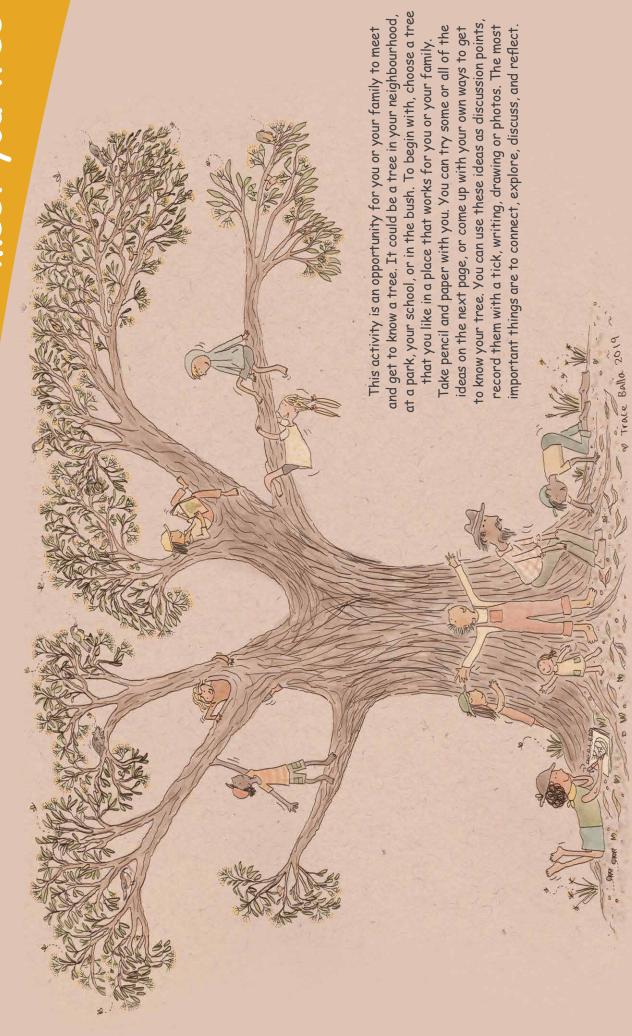
Photo by Martin Griffith





Wild Families is a program of the Victorian National Parks Association For more Wild Families fun, visit www.vnpa.org.au/wild-families

# It's nice to meet you tree



## neet you tree It's nice to How old do you think the tree is? Is it older or younger than you? What shapes can you see in

ake some time to breathe deeply. You may be breathing in oxygen created by your tree, and it may breathe in the carbon dioxide that you are breathing out. What wildlife could be living in or eating the tree? Remember to look for tiny insects and big creatures.

> leaves with as many words as Describe the shapes of the

you can. What do they smell like if you crumple them up

in your hand?

shape and colour. Describe their have flowers?

Do they smell nice? Does your tree

growing on the tree?

Describe them.

Are there any plants, lichen or moss

Maybe bushwalkers leaning on it, birds nesting happened around this tree over its lifetime? about what your tree could have experienced in its branches, children climbing it, or even fire. You may wish to write a creative story What sorts of things may have

there leaves, fallen branches, seeds/nuts, flowers or roots

poking through the soil?

What parts of the tree can you see at your feet? Are

leaf or branch. Include as much Draw a picture of your tree or a part of your tree, such as a detail as you like.

day or year as a chance to get to know it better or different times of the Return to your tree at observe any changes.

the bark with as many Describe the feel of words as you can.

> and shades are there How many colours

Your family members?

the tree? Are there twisted branches, light and shadow patterns, or markings

on the trunk?

on the tree?

this tree live in? Is it a dry forest, a school yard, a riverside, a farm, What sort of environment does a mountain top?

'The Grey Ribbon Bark Tree' or You could make up a name like 'The Magic Flowering Gum' or use a field guide to identify Give your tree a name. what type it is.

> Take some time to consider things about the tree that are similar to you, for example it is growing,

or it lives in the same street.

How is this tree like me/us?



VILD FAMILIES

### Caring for our trees - use recycled

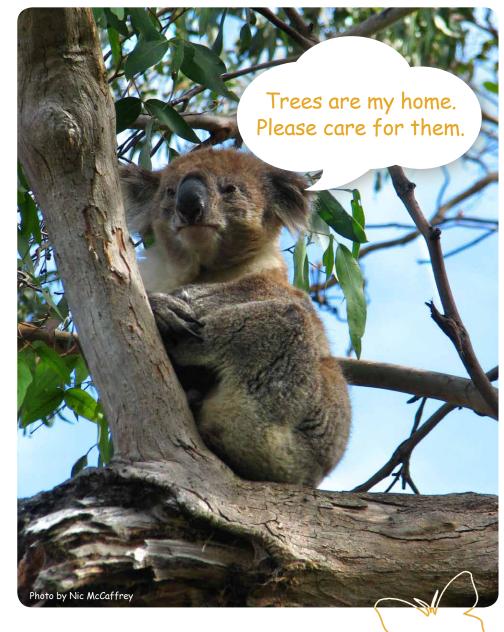
Trees are a valuable part of our environment. They provide us with clean air, habitat for wildlife, shelter, shade, cooling and places to play!

You can show you are grateful to trees by buying and using toilet paper and printer paper made from recycled 'post-consumer waste' and encouraging your family, friends and school to do the same.

Otherwise, your toilet paper may be made from forests that have been cut down especially so we can wipe our bottoms.

Buying and using recycled toilet paper and office paper means we leave more forest for wildlife habitat and stop trees from being flushed down the loo and run through the printer.

To learn more about switching to ethical paper, see www.ethicalpaper.com.au



Which tree is which?

their homes better.

There are more than 160 different species of eucalypts (gum trees and similar) in Victoria, along with many other types including banksia and wattle trees.

We can identify all the different tree species by looking at their features including their bark, leaf shape, bud, flower and fruit/nut shape and looking at where they grow. When we learn to identify these trees we get to know them and

Great resources for identifying tree species are Trees of Victoria and adjoining areas' by Leon Costermans or the VicFlora website vicflora.rbg.vic.gov.au

Photo by It's a Wildlife

I'm a Tawny Frogmouth and I live in a tree. Caring for trees is caring for my home.



WILD FAMILIES